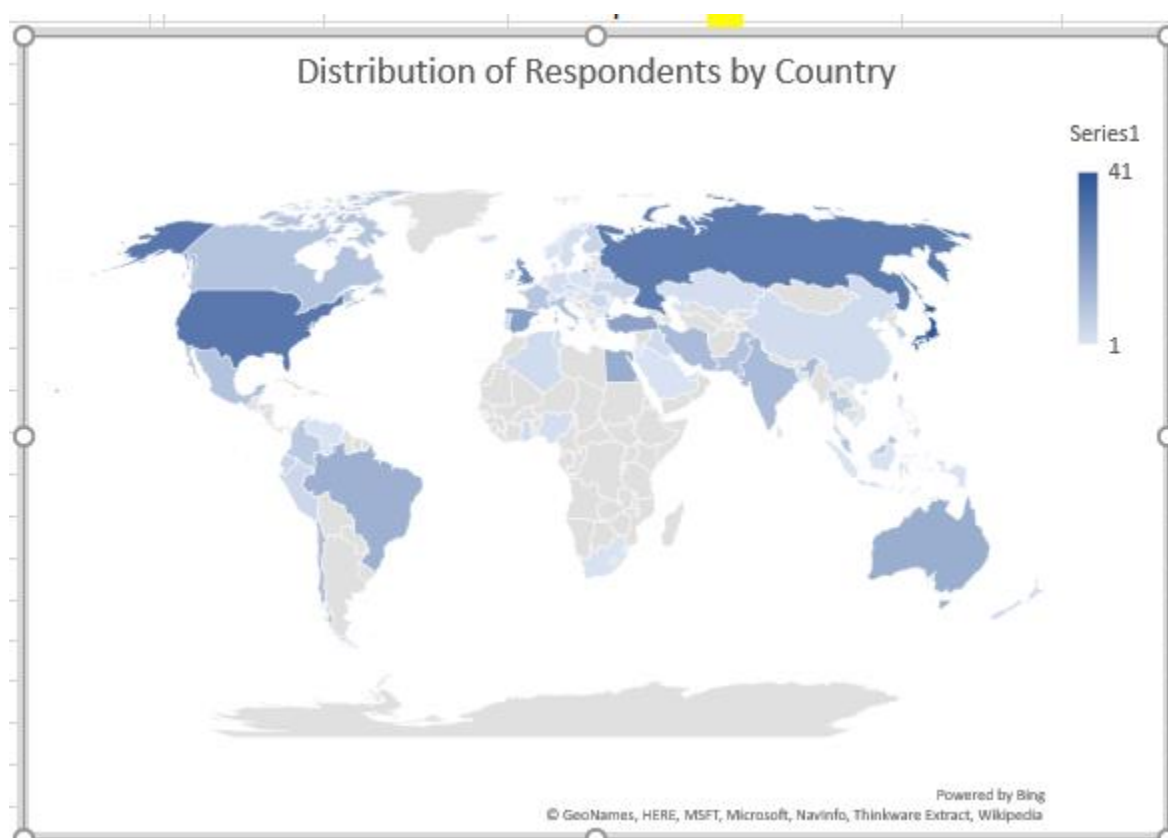


Ruth's Rankings 41: APPENDIX B: Distribution of THE University Impact Respondents by Country



Japan has the most respondents followed by the U.S. and Russia.

UNCTAD categorizes countries as developed, developing or in transition. 60 countries were designated developed and 181 developing, including many countries we consider developed, such as Singapore.

32 countries are developed, 40 developing and four in transition. Half of the developed countries were overrepresented in the Impact rankings as were 80% of the developing and all of the transition.

Using the World Bank's income designation for fiscal year 2020, 41 are High Income (\geq \$1,236) Upper Middle Income (\$3,996-\$12,375) and 11 Lower Middle Income (\$1,026 - \$3,995). One was not on the World Bank list.

14 countries included in THE's World rankings did not participate while six countries not in the World ranking did participate.

55 additional locations have universities working within the UN initiatives.

See **Table 5** for the number of institutions from each country in THE's impact rankings and in the two UN initiatives.

I compared country distribution of countries in the Impact rankings to THE's World rankings. The Impact rankings have 36% of the number of universities as the world rankings. Universities from countries with highly ranked universities, such as the U.S., China and Germany are under-represented due to lack of participation.

Development status from World Bank list of economies (FY 2019)

<https://datahelpdesk.worldbank.org/knowledgebase/articles/906519-world-bank-country-and-lending-groups>

Development Status from UNCTAD (see Statistical Annex)

https://www.un.org/development/desa/dpad/wp-content/uploads/sites/45/WESP2019_BOOK-web.pdf

UN Academic Impact Members

<https://academicimpact.un.org/sites/academicimpact.un.org/files/UNAI%20MEMBERS%20LIST%20JUNE%202019.pdf>

International Association of Universities members

<https://www.iau-aiu.net/List-of-IAU-members?lang=en>